Numb. 685.

THE South-Carolina GAZETTE.

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestick.

From MONDAY *May* 25th, *to* MONDAY *June* 1st, 1747.

LONDON, *January* 25.

Extract of a Letter from *Plymouth*, Jan. 13.

I HAVE the Pleasure to acquaint you that Capt. Saunders, in his Majesty's Ship Gloucester, and Capt. Cheap, in the Lark, were so fortunate, on Christmas-day last, as to take in the Height of Cadiz, a French Ship bound to that Port from Havanna: She was this Day brought in here, and appears to be of the Burden of between 5 and 600 Tons, as richly laden as she well can be, having on board 130 Chests of Silver, some of Gold, and filled up with Indigo, Cocoa, and Cochineal. She has also 60 Passengers on board, all Persons of Distinction, who have, no doubt, in her to a vast Value, exclusive of the general Cargo. She mounts 36 Pieces of Cannon of the same Size with those in our 40 Gun Ships. The People on board say the Ship has been out 4 Years, that the Galleons will not return this Year, on Account of the News of the King of Spain's Death, which caused it to be believed in America, that a Peace would soon follow with England; for the News of which they wait with the utmost Impatience, that they may proceed without Fear for Europe.

By another Letter from Plymouth we learn, that the Name of the before mentioned French Ship is said to be the Fortunant, from the Havanna esteemed worth a Million Sterling; they have taken out of her 140 Chests of money, and how much more is in her they cannot tell, but judge there is considerable: She fired several Double Doubloons at the Gloucester, which has some now sticking in her Sides. There was a Man on board had a lame Arm, on which, upon examining, and taking off the Bandage, they found 100 Double Doubloons; and several of her Men had those Pieces stuck to their Flesh with Pitch.

From the Westminster Journal, Jan 3.

A Review of the principal Events of the last Year.

THE beginning of the new year calls upon me to take a short review of the transactions of the past.

At the end of 1745 the rebellion was at its height, and the *British* nation struggling to preserve the liberties of *Christendom*, seemed in great danger of losing her own.

Dec. 4. the young Pretender had advanced from the Highlands of *Scotland* to *Derby*, within a few days march of our capital. A large army on the eastern road had been escaped by taking the western; and another army, fitted out in haste on the news of the enemy's motions, had been eluded but for the vigilance of our young royal commander. *London* was at this time in arms, and [*Dec.* 6.] we expected every day when the king would put himself at the head of his loyal and faithful subjects. [*Dec.* 8.]

But, after advancing so far, and not meeting with the encouragement they expected, prudence at last [*Dec.* 6.] prevailed in the Councils of the rebels, and made their retreat so speedy that all the diligence of his Royal Highness could not do more than come up with their rear, who only engaged him [*Dec.* 18] for a short time at *Clifton*. *Carlisle* was abandoned [*Dec.* 19] in a fortnight after *Derby* had been seized, only a few deluded men, chiefly *Highlanders*, being left in it, to fall into the hands of justice. The D. of *Cumberland* came back to *London*, thinking there was no more need of his presence. But,

within a month after, to the surprize of all *Europe*, the king's troops were a second time [*Jan.* 17] defeated by the rebels (at *Falkirk*.) This made the presence of his R. H. again necessary, as the only general that could give confidence to regular troops against an army of banditti.

The siege of *Stirling*, the key of *Scotland*, was quitted by them [*Feb.* 1] at his approach, with marks of the most savage cruelty inspired by disappointment. As the prince beloved by *Britain* advanced, the pretender, detested by true *Britons*, retired, 'till he had led his brutish legions into a country where no men but themselves could subsist in that severe season. Here they thought themselves safe, and for a time were so. Our troops having eaten up on their march the few provisions that could be found, were obliged to stay at *Aberdeen*, 'till supplies could be brought them by sea. This took up several weeks [from *Feb.* 17 to *April* 8] which recruited the rebels, both in spirits and numbers; so that they suffered the royal army unmolested to ford a rapid river, where a little opposition might have given infinite trouble; with a view that the utter destruction of it, and of his R. H. might be more certain. But Destruction had turned her countenance the other way, as the rebels severely felt [*April* 16] in the field of *Culloden*. That day threw an effectual damp on the devouring flame, and a few more weeks, under the same conduct, sufficed to quench all the visible embers. Peace was restored in *Britain*, and with it her strength to act with fresh vigour against her foreign enemies.

But during these intestine commotions, the common cause, in which G. *Britain*, the friends of nations in distress, had engaged, was sinking apace into a desperate, and the troublers of mankind thought an irretrievable situation. In the *Netherlands*, where two campaigns had before given them all the strong towns in *Flanders*, and left no port open to *England*, Marshal *Saxe* sits down before *Brussels*, the seat of the *Austrian* government, and capital of *Brabant*, in the middle of *January*. About 20 days made him [*Feb.* 9] master of that important place, with which *Louvain*, and all the other defenceless towns round about it, fell of course. [*March* 29] a party of the allied army surprized *Vilvoerden*, but were obliged to abandon it. *Mechlin* for some time was safe, while the little army of the allies lay intrenched behind the *Demer*; but when the superior force of *France* came forwards, the confederate generals were obliged to abandon it and *Antwerp* [*May* 6] and retire to the *Dutch* territories.

Antwerp city put no stop to the progress of the victors [surrender'd; *May* 9] but the citadel, a noble fortress, having a garrison left in it, held out a few days [from the 13th to the 20th.]

May 29th the enemy invested *Mons*, the capital of *Hainault*, another province, and a place heretofore esteemed of great strength. But nothing could withstand the prodigious train of *French* artillery, and [*June* 30] it surrender'd at discretion. *St. Ghislain* and *Charleroy* were soon obliged to submit upon the same conditions.

Only one strong town now remained in all that vast tract of land from the sea to the bishoprick of *Liege*. *Namur*, capital of the province of that name, had never been attempted by the great D. of *Marlborough*, and the two sieges of it in the preceding war, one by *Lewis* XIV. and the other by K. *William*, greatly distinguished the years 1692 and 1695. Marshal *Barbiani* being somewhat reinforced, and knowing the importance of the place, made a long march to save it in *July*, and for some time baffled the attempts of M. *Saxe* upon the *Meheaigne*. But being at last obliged to quit his station, and cross the *Maese* to get provisions, *Namur* was so much left exposed that the enemies invested it. On *Sept.* 1, they opened the siege; on the 8th the town surrender'd, and the garrison retired

into the Caſtle; which, on the 19th, was obliged to deliver up another little army of priſoners to the *French*.

During the ſiege of *Namur*, the allies croſſed the *Maeſe* again near *Maeſtricht*, and marched towards the enemy, who advanced to meet them after the buſineſs was done. The vicinity of the two armies, the neceſſity at once and difficulty the allies were under of getting back to where they came from, brought on the action near *Liege* on the 30th, in which the left wing of the allies was attacked by the right wing of the *French*. A great number were ſlain to little purpoſe; ſince the allies, though obliged to quit the field, effectuated their retreat without farther moleſtation. Thus ended the campaign in the *Netherlands*.

In *Germany* all was quiet: but the affair of the guaranty of *Sileſia*, inſiſted on by the K. of *Pruſſia*, threatened a freſh miſunderſtanding between him and the empreſs-queen: but ſince the K. of *Great-Britain* has led the way by a freſh guaranty of that duchy (*ſee our laſt*) and a defenſive treaty has been concluded between the empreſſes, there is a proſpect of further quiet.

Many matters have been warmly debated in the diet of *Sweden*, which is ſtill ſitting: but that of *Poland*, after more promiſing appearances than had been ſeen in former diets, broke up as ineffectual as any of them. While his *Poliſh* majeſty was there, the death of the dauphineſs [*July* 11] threw in his way an alliance which he did not expect. One of his daughters had lately been betroth'd to the elector of *Bavaria*; another is now demanded and granted to the young widow'd heir of *France*. This alliance is the more aſtoniſhing, as ſo much pains were taken by the *French* king to keep his *Poliſh* majeſty from ſucceeding to the throne of his father, and as the mother of this very dauphin is daughter to the profeſs'd enemy [*Staniſlaus*] of that father.

Juſt before the death of the late dauphineſs, happen'd [*June* 28] that of her father, *Philip* V. K. of *Spain*, in the 63d year of his age, and 46th of his reign. We had great hopes from the ſucceſſion of his eldeſt ſon, *Ferdinand* VI. who had been always repreſented as a friend to the *Engliſh* nation and a juſt enemy to his ſtep-mother the queen dowager. But after ſix months of cloſe application [to him] have elapſed, we do not find either that a ſeparate peace with this new monarch is any great forwardneſs, or that the dowager queen has been driven from his councils.

Chriſtian VI. K. of *Denmark*, died at *Hirſchholm July* 29, in the 47th year of his age, and the 16th of his reign. His ſon and ſucceſſor, *Frederick* V. was not three years married to the princeſs *Louiſa*, youngeſt daughter of his *Britanic* majeſty. The event, under ſuch circumſtances, gave us hopes of a new active ally; how juſtly, the next campaign, if there be one, may evince.

The affairs of *Italy* took a turn this year to the advantage of the allies, almoſt beyond expectation. At the beginning of it the army of the three crowns, aſſiſted by the *Genoeſe*, were maſters of the duchies of *Milan* and *Parma*, with a good part of the *Modeneſe*. The infant don *Philip*, after taking poſſeſſion of *Parma*, the old capital of his Mother's family, had made his public entry into *Milan*, the capital of all the *Auſtrian* dominions in *Italy*, and now kept his court there: the *Auſtrians* were retired into the *Mantuan*, and the king of *Sardinia*'s troops was drawn together in little compaſs about *Turin*, a great part of his ſtrong places being already in the hands of the enemy. But the parliament of *Great-Britain*, by voting larger ſubſidies than in any former year, both for their imperial and *Sardinian* majeſties, enabled them to ſtrengthen their armies, and gave freſh reſolution both to them and their Subjects.

Very early were the recruited armies in action on both ſides. The *Piedmonteſe* [*Feb.* 22] recovered *Aſti*, and reſcued and blockaded the citadel of *Alexandria*. *Guaſtalla* ſurrender'd at diſcretion to the *Auſtr.* [*Mar.* 16] and *Caſal* to the *Piedmonteſe*, and M. *Maillebois* retires from *Tortona* into the *Genoeſe* territory. Don *Philip* [*March* 8] retires from *Milan* to *Pavia*, [and abandons it the 24th] and the marquis *de Caſtellar*, very privately retires with 5000 men [in the night of the 6th] from *Parma*, which the next day ſurrenders at diſcretion to the *Auſtrians*. *Tortona* then [*April* 22] was recovered by the *Piedmonteſe*, and the *Spaniards* threw themſelves into *Placentia* on the 24th of *April*.

[*May* 4] the *Auſtrians* take *Uſtiglia*, and *St. Lazaro* [the 7th] 5000 *Auſtrians* were diſcovered [*April* 25] at *Codogno*, and the *Milaneſe* ravaged [*May* 16] by 12,000 *Spaniards* from *Placentia*, and [*May* 21] the *Piedmonteſe* take *Novi*.

[*June* 5] the *Auſtrians* and *Piedmonteſe*, having drawn together all their ſtrength at *Plaiſance*, and the K. of *Sardinia* being on the march with his *Piedmonteſe* to join the allied army at *St. Lazaro*, a great bloody battle was fought. The enemies, cover'd by near 200 pieces of cannon, attack'd of a ſudden, that their buſineſs might be done before his *Sardinian* majeſty could arrive. They met with ſuch a reception, however, that they were obliged to retreat with the loſs of 14,000 men. Tho' the *Piedmonteſe* army was not preſent in this action, its van-guard was ſo near as to hear the firing. Eleven days after, the ſhatter'd *Bourbonites* croſs'd the *Po*, and entrenched themſelves in the *Milaneſe*.

Some difference ariſing, the junction of the *Auſtrians* and *Piedmonteſe* was not ſo ſudden as by their nearneſs might have been expected. It was at laſt made on *July* 5, and on the 30th the enemies repaſſing the *Po* at *Retta Freddo* upon the *Nuretta*, were again terribly baffled, and made the beſt of their way towards the *Genoeſe* dominions. The next day *Placentia*, with all the men and magazines in it, fell into the hands of the *Auſtrians*.

What follow'd was little more than the haſty retreat of the *French* and *Spaniards*, firſt into the ſtate of *Genoa*, then thro' that ſtate into *Provence*; moſt of the towns they left behind them falling into the hands of the Victors, and among them *Genoa* itſelf. We have every week ſince been entertained with the heavy contributions raiſed on the *Genoeſe*, 'till at laſt, upon the abſence of the main body of the *Auſtrians* to invade *Provence*, theſe impatient *republicans* took up arms againſt their new gueſts, and procured to themſelves a ſort of temporary freedom.

As to our invaſion of *Britany*, it will make no figure in hiſtory. For the ſame reaſon, its failure of the end deſigned, (*ſays the writer*) we paſs over the expedition of the *French* fleet under *d'Anville*.

PHILADELPHIA. May 7.

Tueſday laſt came up here three Maſters of Veſſels, and ſeveral of their Hands, in a Cape May Pilot Boat, that were taken by a Spaniſh Privateer Brig. of 12 Carriage Guns. One of the Veſſels taken was a Snow from Pool for Charles-Town, South-Carolina, Thomas Courtin Commander; another a Schooner from Charles-Town for New-York, Iſaac Colcock Commander. both taken off the Bar, on the 20th and 21ſt of laſt Month; and the third a Veſſel from Virginia to Salem. The Pilot that brought them up, was taken off the Cape on Saturday laſt by the ſame Privateer; as he ſaw her in about four Fathom Water, he never doubted but ſhe was deſigned up the River, ſo went off to her.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

GEORGE SAXBY, His Majeſty's Receiver-General, gives Notice, that if any Perſons whoſoever, neglect paying their Quit-Rents punctually every Year according to the Quit-Rent Law, Executions will be given to *Richard Mortimer*, that he may levy for the ſame, of which no Perſon can plead Ignorance after this Notice.

THE Subſcriber now lives in the Houſe where *John Steel* formerly lived, behind the *Engliſh* Church, and will take in Lodgers, and Boarders at 15 *ſh.* a Day, and much cheaper for a long Term, and they may depend on being uſed in the beſt Manner. He alſo keeps Negroes and Carts to ſerve any that will employ them, and will very ſoon have his Wells in compleat Order to ſupply Shipping with the beſt Water, deliver'd at the Wharffs, if required: He has alſo very good and likely Horſes to ſell or let, and fine Oak Oars to ſell, and (upon timely Notice firſt given) will ſupply any Perſon with large Quantities of ſuch Oars, Handſpikes, and Canoes.

James Robert.

AS I am determined to go for *England* by the beginning of *July* next, I deſire all Perſons that are or will be indebted to me, or concern'd in Notes, Bonds, or otherwiſe, to diſcharge or ſee the ſame diſcharged before the 25th Inſtant, for after that Day they may depend on being ſued by

John Cart.

Who are to ſell, a negro Man, who is reckoned a very good Becher, about 20 Years old, ſome Houſe wenches and handy Boys and Girls.

TO BE SOLD for ready Money, very reaſonable, or on Credit to the firſt of *January* next, a Parcel of valuable Slaves, among which is a Negro Man who underſtands the making of *Indigo* very well, another a Cannoe-Builder, a good Houſe Wench this Country born, the reſt valuable Plantation Slaves. Enquire of the Printer hereof.

A bay ſtray Horſe, about 13 Hands and an half high, branded WT in one of the mounting Shoulder, taken up at *Ajerſon*. The Owner may have him by applying to

John Hutchiſon.

Brought to the Work-houſe in *Charles-Town*, *May* 20th, 1747. *Caſſee*, a run away Negro Fellow belonging to Mrs. *Bailey*.

TO BE SOLD at publick Vendue, on the 3rd Instant at the House of *Henry Wood* on *Ashley-River*, 2000 Acres of Land at *Edisto*, 500 at *Wassamsaw*, 295 Acres at *Santee*, and some on *Goose-Creek* Neck, being all the Lands belonging to the Estate of Col. *John Herbert* deceased, and are sold (to make a Division) by Consent of *William Brown*, *Thomas Hodson* and *Henry Wood*. One Year's Credit will be given, paying Interest and giving Security.

William Wood.

May 20th 1747, Brought to me, by Thomas Ematy, a grey Gelding about 13 Hands high, branded with P on near Buttock, & on the off Buttock with a Brand not very discernable, but appears thus I. Any Person claiming the said Horse may apply to me for him.

Henry Hyrne.

TO BE SOLD at publick Vendue, for Credit 'till the first of *February* next, paying Interest and giving Security if required, on Tuesday the 23d Instant (on *Edisto-Island*) a parcel of choice healthy Slaves, amongst which are a pair of Sawyers, the others are Field Negroes; also a Neck of 230 Acres of choice (old Purchase) Land for Rice, Corn, or Indigo; pleasantly situated to the East on *Russel*'s Creek, and to the West on *Dawho-River*, 40 Acres thereof is Pasture, and there is some old Buildings and an Orchard of various Kinds of Fruit-Trees. Any Person inclin'd to see the same, may apply to

Joseph Whippy.

TO BE SOLD by *Thomas Bolton* on the Bay, choice Wine by the Gallon or Quarter-Cask, good old Rum and Brandy, Sugar and Melasses, very reasonable, especially for ready Money, also large and fine Salt, and Vinegar.

South-Carolina. Whereas *David Smeeth of the* Province aforesaid, has exhibited his Petition to the Justices of the Court of *Common Pleas*, setting forth, that he is in the Custody of the Provost-Marshal of this Province on *Mesne Process*, at the Suit of *James Roberson*, for a Debt to him justly due, and that he is ready and willing to make Surrender, upon Oath, to *One* or more of his Creditors, in Trust for the Rest, all and singular his Estate, both real and personal, a List or Schedule of his Estate being annexed to his said Petition, and prays to be admitted to the Benefit of the Acts of the General Assembly in such Case made and provided. *It is therefore* ORDERED, and the said *James Roberson* and all others to whom the said *David Smeeth* is in any, wise indebted, are hereby summoned, and have Notice to appear at the usual Place of Judicature in *Charles-Town*, at at the Meeting of the Court of *Common Pleas* which shall happen next after *Thirty* Days from the Publication hereof to shew Cause, if any they can, why the said *David Smeeth* should not be entitled to the Benefit of the said Acts upon his complying with the Terms therein prescribed.

May 30th, 1747. JAMES WEDDERBURN, *Cl.C.P.*

South-Carolina. Whereas *John Griffin* of the Province aforesaid, has exhibited his Petition to the Justices of the Court of *Common Pleas*, setting forth, that he is in the Custody of the Provost-Marshal of this Province, on *Mesne Process*, at the Suit of *James Roberson*, for a Debt to him justly due, and that he is ready and willing to make Surrender, upon Oath, to *One* or more of his Creditors, in Trust for the Rest, all and singular his Estate, both real and personal, a List or Schedule of his Estate being annexed to his said Petition, and prays to be admitted to the Benefit of the Acts of the General Assembly in such Case made and provided. *It is therefore* ORDERED, and the said *James Roberson*, and all others to whom the said *John Griffin* is in any wise indebted, are hereby summoned, and have Notice to appear at the usual Place of Judicature in *Charles-Town*, at the Meeting of the Court of *Common Pleas* which shall happen next after *Thirty* Days from the Publication hereof, to shew Cause, if any they can, why the said *John Griffin* should not be entituled to the Benefit of the said Acts upon his complying with the Terms therein prescribed. *May 30th*, 1747.

JAMES WEDDERBURN, *Cl.C.P.*

THE Bond-Creditors of *George Chicken* deceased, are desired to send in to the Subscribers the Amount of their Bonds with Interest due thereon to the 25th of *June* next, in order to receive their Dividend of the said Estate.

John Crokatt, Kennit Michie.

Run away from *Joseph Creighton* Pewterer-maker in *Charles-Town*, but late of *Dorchester*, a small yellowish Negro Boy, about fifteen Years of Age, born on the late Mr. *Skene*'s Plantation, but since belong'd to the late Doct. *Ayton* of *Dorchester*; was seen last Sunday (the 24th of *May*) at the Upper-*Quarter-House*, waiting upon Doct. *Grace* of the *Isabella* Galley, who carried him thither behind a Chair, and order'd him some Victuals as his Waiting-Boy, afterwards brought him to Town again, but cannot since be seen or heard of. Whoever brings him to me, shall have all reasonable Satisfaction.

Joseph Creighton.

Stolen or stray'd from my Plantation near *Spoon-Savannah*, about the beginning of *April* last, a large Sorrel Horse about 15 Hands high, short dock'd, and branded on the near But-Buttock IP. Whoever brings the said Horse to my Plantation, or gives Information where he may be had, shall have 5 *l.* Reward.

William Butler.

Whereas Mrs. *Elizabeth Lasserre*, Administratrix to her late Husband *William Lasserre* deceased, hath impowered me to settle the Affairs of the said Estate, THIS is to request all those to whom the said Estate is indebted, to bring in their Demands that Measures may be taken to settle them: AND at the same Time, to desire those that are indebted to the said Estate, forthwith to settle the same; and as very little Notice has been taken of Mrs. *Lasserre*'s Advertisements, shall be under an absolute Necessity of suing all those who fail settling or discharging any Demands that appear against them.

Robert Pierce Henderson.

Absented from the Ship *Dragon*, *Joseph Sherburne* Master, on Saturday Night the 23d of *May*, *Isaac Luff*, of a brown Complexion, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, an *Englishman* and a Seaman, had on when he went away, a short blue Jacket, dark Breeches, Shoes, Stockings, Hat and Wig, &c. Whoever secures and delivers him on board the said Ship, shall have 20 POUNDS Reward, besides reasonable Charges.

Joseph Sherburne.

LOST on Thursday Night the 21st of *May*, a 4-oar'd Yawl, belonging to the Ship *Dragon*, lying at Mr. *Roper*'s Wharff, has had a new Stern lately put in. Whoever delivers her at the said Wharff, shall have *Five Pounds* Reward of

Joseph Sherburne.

Run away on the 13th of *March* last, a Mustee Fellow named *Cyrus*, who lately belonged to Messrs. *Malryne* and *Williams* of *Port-Royal*. Whoever secures, or brings the said Fellow to me, or to Mr. *David Brown* of *Charles-Town* Shipwright, shall have TWENTY POUNDS Reward, and the Charges allow'd by Law. And whoever gives me Information of his being employed by any Person, so that he may be convicted thereof, shall, upon such Conviction, have THIRTY POUNDS current Money paid him, by

David Linn.

A good and fresh Assortment of Druggs, by Wholesale or Retail, likewise the following Cordial Waters, Usquebaugh at 8 *l. per* Gallon, Citron at 6 *l.* Cinamon at 5 *l.* Salary, Tanfie, and Lemon 3 *l.* Orange, Aniseed, Clove, Geneva, Mint and Lime Waters at 40 *s.* Spirit of Wine at 3 *l.* 10 *s.* Bitters at 40 *s. per* Quart, and some exceeding good white Wine Vinegar at 20 *s. per* Gallon or 15 *s.* by the Quantity, to be sold by *Samuel Carne*, at his House on the Bay near the *New-Market*, where good Lodgings may be had.

☞ A considerable Abatement will be made to Persons that take large Quantities.

THE Members of the LOYAL SOCIETY, vulgarly called *Ridens Symposium*, are desired to meet (at Mr. *Blyth*'s on the Bay) on Wednesday Evening next, being the 3d Inst. at 7 o'Clock precisely, in order to chuse a President for the ensuing Year.

By Order of the Loyal Society,

C. L. *Sec.*